Numb. 7289.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday April 13. to Tuesday April 16. 1734.

Westminster, April 16.

HIS Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes, seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Charles Dalton, Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers; the Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to,

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One Thousand seven hundred and thirty four.

An Act for enabling his Majesty to apply the Sum of One Million two hundred thousand Pounds out of the Sinking Fund for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and thirty four, and for appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

An Act to enable his Majesty to continue and settle an Annuity of Five thousand Pounds on the Princess Royal during the Term of her natural Life, in case she shall survive his Majesty.

An Act to prevent the infamous Practice of Stockjobbing.

An Act to indemnify Persons who have omitted to qualify themselves for Employments or Offices by taking the Oaths, and making and subscribing the Declaration against Transubstantiation and receiving the Sacrament, and to allow them further Time for that Purpose; and to enable the Vice Chancellor of the University and Mayor of the Town of Cambridge to act as Justices of the Peace for the County of Cambridge, notwithstanding the Act for the further Qualification of Justices of the Peace.

An Act to explain an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for the converting a further Part of the Capital Stock of the South Sea Company into Annuities redeemable by Parliament, and for settling the remaining Part of the said Stock in the said Company, so far as the said Act relates to the paying off the Bonds of the said Company.

An Act to settle how far Owners of Ships shall be answerable for the Acts of the Masters or Mariners.

An Act for Naturalizing the most Serene Prince William Charles Henry Friso, Prince of Orange and Nassau.

An Act for the Application and Disposal of the Residue of the Money raised by Way of Lottery, on the Credit of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for the Relief of such Sufferers in the Charitable Corporation as are Objects of Compassion, according to the Descriptions therein mentioned.

An Act for the Revival of an Act made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Act for the free Importation of Cochineal during the Time therein limited; and also for the free Importation of Indico.

An Act for the more effectual preventing the clandestine Importation of foreign Hops into Great Britain and Ireland; and to prevent the adulterating or sophisticating of Hops to alter the Colour or Scent thereof.

An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Assaults with Intent to commit Robbery.

An Act for the more easy Redemption and Foreclosure of Mortgages.

An Act for the more effectual preventing the Forging the Acceptance of Bills of Exchange, or the Numbers or Principal Sums of Accountable Receipts for Notes, Bills, or other Securities for Payment of Money, or Warrants or Orders for Payment of Money or Delivery of Goods.

An Act for raising the Militia of that Part of Great Britain called England, although the Month's Pay formerly advanced be not repaid, and for making the Militia within the same more useful.

An Act for ascertaining the Duties upon Arrack; and for giving further Time to

Clerks

Clerks and Apprentices to pay Duties omitted to be paid for their Indentures and Contracts.

An Act to explain and make more effectual the Laws in Being to oblige the Poſſeſſors of Lands adjacent to Common Highways, to cut and keep low ſuch Hedges as are adjoining to the ſaid Highways.

An Act for continuing, explaining, and making more effectual two Acts of Parliament, one of the third, and the other of the eighth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King George the Firſt, for repairing the Highways from the ſeveral Places in the ſaid Acts mentioned, to Highgate Gatehouſe and Hampſtead, in the County of Middleſex; and for amending the Roads from the South End of the ſaid Town of Hampſtead, to the further End of Burrough Lane, in the Pariſh of Hendon; and for repairing other Roads therein mentioned lying in the Pariſh of Iſlington, in the ſaid County.

An Act for making more effectual an Act paſſed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King George the Firſt, intitled, An Act for the more effectual amending the Highways leading from Royſton in the County of Hertford, to Wandsford Bridge in the County of Huntingdon, ſo far as the ſame relates to the amending that Part of the Road as lies between a Place call[illegible] the White Poſt upon Alconbury Hill and Wandsford Bridge, in the ſaid County of Huntingdon, called the North Diviſion.

An Act to explain and amend an Act paſſed in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his late Majeſty King George the Firſt, intituled, An Act for the better regulating the Manufacture of Cloth in the Weſt Riding of the County of York.

An Act to extend the Navigation of the River Weaver from Winsford Bridge to the Town of Namptwich, in the County of Cheſter.

An Act for granting to Samuel Buckley, Citizen and Stationer of London, the ſole Liberty of Printing and Reprinting the Hiſtories of Thuanus with Additions and Improvements, during the Time therein limited.

An Act for making the Church of Bablack, in the City of Coventry, a Pariſh Church, and for appointing a Diſtrict or Pariſh thereto, and for enabling the Maſter and Uſher of the Free Grammar School within the ſaid City to be the Rector and Lecturer of the ſaid Pariſh Church.

And to Sixteen private Bills.

After which, His Majeſty was pleaſed to make the following moſt gracious Speech.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I Give you my hearty Thanks for the great Diſpatch you have given to the publick Buſineſs, and for the Confidence you have repoſed in me for the Honour and Security of my Kingdom; ſo ſhort a Seſſion, at ſo critical and important a Conjuncture, concluded with ſo much Unanimity, and ſo juſt a Regard for the true Intereſt of the Nation, will give great Weight and Credit to all our publick Tranſactions, and procure that Reſpect and Dependance upon the great Council of this Nation, which are ſo neceſſary to ſupport the Honour and Intereſt of Great Britain both at Home and Abroad.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

I muſt acknowledge in a particular Manner, the Zeal and Readineſs, which you have ſhewn, in raiſing, in ſo effectual a Manner, the neceſſary Supplies for the Service of the Year; the Proviſion you have made for paying off great Part of the Debt of the Navy, a Debt, neceſſarily and unavoidably incurred, and carrying a higher Intereſt than the old national Debt, and which being at a Diſcount, increaſed the Charge and Expence, in all Contracts of the Navy and Victualling, muſt certainly be thought of ſingular Service to the Publick.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The Time limited for the Expiration of this Parliament drawing near, I have reſolved forthwith to iſſue my Proclamation for the diſſolving of it, and for calling a new Parliament; that the Inconveniencies unavoidably attending a general Election may be put an End to as ſoon as poſſible; but I ſhould think my ſelf inexcuſable, if I parted with this Parliament, without doing them the Juſtice, to acknowledge the many ſignal Proofs they have given, through the Courſe of Seven Years, of their Duty, Fidelity and Attachment to my Perſon and Government, and their conſtant Regard to the true Intereſt of their Country.

The Proſperity and Glory of my Reign depend upon the Affection and Happineſs of my People, and the Happineſs of my People upon my preſerving to them all their legal Rights and Privileges, as eſtabliſhed under the preſent Settlement of the Crown in the Proteſtant Line; a due Execution and ſtrict Obſervance of the Laws are the beſt and only Security both to Sovereign and Subject; their Intereſt is mutual and inſeparable, and therefore their Endeavours for the Support of each other ought to be equal and reciprocal; any Infringement or Incroachment upon the Rights of either, is a Diminution of the Strength of both, which kept within their due

due Bounds and Limits, make that juſt Balance which is neceſſary for the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, and for the Protection and Proſperity of the People; what depends upon me, ſhall on my Part, be religiouſly kept and obſerved, and I make no Doubt of receiving the juſt Returns of Duty and Gratitude from them.

I muſt in a particular manner recommend it to you, and from your known Affection do expect that you will uſe your beſt Endeavours to heal the unhappy Diviſions of the Nation, and to reconcile the Minds of all who truly and ſincerely wiſh the Safety and Welfare of the Kingdom: It would be the greateſt Satisfaction to me to ſee a perfect Harmony reſtored amongſt them, that have one and the ſame principle at Heart, that there might be no Diſtinction but of ſuch as mean the Support of our preſent happy Conſtitution in Church and State, and ſuch as wiſh to ſubvert both; this is the only Diſtinction that ought to prevail in this Country, where the Intereſt of King and People is one and the ſame, and where they cannot ſubſiſt but by being ſo; if Religion, Liberty, and Property were never at any Time more fully enjoyed, without not only any Attempt but even the Shadow of a Deſign, to alter or invade them; let not theſe ſacred Names be made uſe of as artful and plauſible Pretences, to undermine the preſent Eſtabliſhment, under which alone they can be ſafe.

I have nothing to wiſh, but that my People may not be miſguided; I appeal to their own Conſciences for my Conduct, and hope the Providence of God will direct them in the Choice of ſuch Repreſentatives, as are moſt fit to be truſted with the Care and Preſervation of the Proteſtant Religion, the preſent Eſtabliſhment, and all the Religious and Civil Rights of Great Britain.

The following Addreſs of the ancient Corporation of Queenborough, in the County of Kent, has been preſented to his Majeſty by George Saunders, Eſq; and Captain Richard Evans, their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Dunmore, Lord of the Bedchamber in waiting. Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Jurats, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes, of the ancient Corporation of Queenborough, in the County of Kent.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WITH Hearts full of Duty and Gratitude we beg Leave to approach your ſacred Perſon, with our humble Congratulations on the Marriage of the Princeſs Royal with his Serene Highneſs the Prince of Orange: An Event, which, as it creates an univerſal Joy throughout the whole Nation, ſo is it no where more ſenſibly felt than by your Majeſty's ancient and loyal Corporation of Queenborough.

When we reflect on the great Bleſſings derived to us from the late glorious King William of immortal Memory, in the Preſervation of our Liberties, we cannot but look upon an Alliance between a Prince of that Houſe, conſpicuous for his great and aimable Endowments, and a Princeſs peculiarly diſtinguiſhed for every eminent Accompliſhment, as a ſignal Inſtance of your Majeſty's Tenderneſs for your People, as well as a ſure and laſting Foundation, under God, of the Freedom and Welfare, not only of your Majeſty's Dominions, but of the Proteſtant Intereſt of all Europe.

We have a grateful Senſe of the Happineſs flowing from the Wiſdom and Steadineſs of your Majeſty's Councils and Adminiſtration, and of all the Bleſſings which a free Nation can hope to enjoy under a wiſe and gracious Prince.

May the Pleaſure your Majeſty and your Royal Conſort always feel in doing Good to your People, be increaſed by a Length of Years; and may there never be wanting one of your Royal Progeny to ſit on the Throne of theſe Realms, following your great Example, and your Royal Anceſtors, in the Cauſe and Defence of Liberty, and in protecting us from Popery and arbitrary Power.

Given under our Corporation Seal, at the Guildhall at Queenborough, this 11th Day of April, 1734.

Whitehall, April 16.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Charles Fane, Eſq; his Miniſter to the Great Duke of Tuſcany.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Benjamin Keene, Eſq; his Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Catholick King: and Abraham Caſtres, Eſq; his Conſul at Madrid; in the Room of Benjamin Keene, Eſq;

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to grant unto Sir Nicholas Williams, Bart. the Offices of Chamberlain of the Town and Borough of Brecon, and the Counties of Brecon, Radnor, and Glamorgan; and alſo of Steward and Keeper of the Courts Leet, View of Frank Pledge, and other Courts whatſoever of the Lordſhip of Nallain, Caio, Mabelview, Mabedrud, Manordiloe, Kethinock, and of the Foreſts of Glincothy and Pennant in the County of Carmarthen; and of Steward and Bailiff of the Manors, Lands, Grainges, and Poſſeſſions of the late diſſolved Monaſtery of Talley,